

AMENDMENT TO RULES COMM. PRINT 117–54
OFFERED BY MR. LANGEVIN OF RHODE ISLAND

Add at the end of title LII of division E the following:

1 SEC. 5206. SYSTEMICALLY IMPORTANT ENTITIES.

2 (a) IDENTIFICATION OF SYSTEMICALLY IMPORTANT
3 ENTITIES.—Subtitle A of title XXII of the Homeland Se-
4 curity Act of 2002 (6 U.S.C. 651 et seq.) is amended by
5 adding at the end the following new section:

6 **“SEC. 2220D. PROCEDURE FOR DESIGNATION OF SYSTEM-**
7 **ICALLY IMPORTANT ENTITIES.**

8 “(a) ESTABLISHMENT OF CRITERIA AND PROCE-
9 DURES.—

10 “(1) IN GENERAL.—Not later than 12 months
11 after the date of the enactment of this section, the
12 Secretary, acting through the Director, in consulta-
13 tion with the National Cyber Director, Sector Risk
14 Management Agencies, the Critical Infrastructure
15 Partnership Advisory Council, and, as appropriate,
16 other government and nongovernmental entities,
17 shall establish criteria and procedures for identifying
18 and designating certain entities as systemically im-
19 portant entities for purposes of this section.

1 “(2) CONSIDERATION.—In establishing the cri-
2 teria for designation under paragraph (1), the Sec-
3 retary shall consider the following:

4 “(A) The consequences that a disruption
5 to a system, asset, or facility under an entity’s
6 control would have on one or more national
7 critical functions.

8 “(B) The degree to which the entity has
9 the capacity to engage in operational collabora-
10 tion with the Agency, and the degree to which
11 such operational collaboration would benefit na-
12 tional security.

13 “(C) The entity’s role and prominence
14 within critical supply chains or in the delivery
15 of critical functions.

16 “(D) Any other factors the Secretary de-
17 termines appropriate.

18 “(3) ELEMENTS.—The Secretary shall develop
19 a mechanism for owners and operators of critical in-
20 frastructure to submit information to assist the Sec-
21 retary in making designations under this subsection.

22 “(b) DESIGNATION OF SYSTEMICALLY IMPORTANT
23 ENTITIES.—

24 “(1) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary, using the
25 criteria and procedures established under subsection

1 (a)(1) and any supplementary information submitted
2 under subsection (a)(3), shall designate certain enti-
3 ties as systemically important entities.

4 “(2) NOTIFICATION OF DESIGNATION STA-
5 TUS.—The Secretary shall notify designees within
6 30 days of designation or dedesignation, with an ex-
7 planation of the basis for such determination.

8 “(3) REGISTER.—The Secretary shall maintain
9 and routinely update a list, or register, of such enti-
10 ties, with contact information.

11 “(4) LIMITATIONS.—

12 “(A) IN GENERAL.—The number of des-
13 ignated entities shall not exceed 200 in total.

14 “(B) SUNSET.—Beginning on the date
15 that is four years after the date of the enact-
16 ment of this section, the Secretary, after con-
17 sultation with the Director, may increase the
18 number of designated entities provided—

19 “(i) such number does not exceed 150
20 percent of the prior maximum;

21 “(ii) the Secretary publishes such new
22 maximum number in the Federal Register;
23 and

1 “(iii) such new maximum number has
2 not been changed in the immediately pre-
3 ceding four years.

4 “(c) REDRESS.—

5 “(1) IN GENERAL.—Subject to paragraph (2),
6 the Secretary shall develop a mechanism, consistent
7 with subchapter II of chapter 5 of title 5, United
8 States Code, for an entity notified under subsection
9 (b)(2) to present evidence that the Secretary should
10 reverse—

11 “(A) the designation of a facility, system,
12 or asset as systemically important critical infra-
13 structure;

14 “(B) the determination that a facility, sys-
15 tem, or asset no longer constitutes systemically
16 important critical infrastructure; or

17 “(C) a final judgment entered in a civil ac-
18 tion seeking judicial review brought in accord-
19 ance with paragraph (2).

20 “(2) APPEAL TO FEDERAL COURT.—A civil ac-
21 tion seeking judicial review of a final agency action
22 taken under the mechanism developed under para-
23 graph (1) shall be filed in the United States District
24 Court for the District of Columbia.

1 “(d) REPORTING FOR SYSTEMICALLY IMPORTANT
2 ENTITIES.—

3 “(1) IN GENERAL.—Not later than two years
4 after the date of the enactment of this section, the
5 Secretary, acting through the Director, in consulta-
6 tion with the National Cyber Director, Sector Risk
7 Management Agencies, the CISA Cybersecurity Ad-
8 visory Committee, and relevant government and non-
9 government entities, shall establish reporting re-
10 quirements for systemically important entities.

11 “(2) REQUIREMENTS.—The requirements es-
12 tablished under subsection (a) shall directly support
13 the Department’s ability to understand and
14 prioritize mitigation of risks to national critical func-
15 tions and ensure that any information obtained by
16 a systemically important entity pursuant to this sec-
17 tion is properly secured.

18 “(3) REPORTED INFORMATION.—The require-
19 ments under paragraph (2) may include obligations
20 for systemically important entities to—

21 “(A) identify critical assets, systems, sup-
22 pliers, technologies, software, services, proc-
23 esses, or other dependencies that would inform
24 the Federal Government’s understanding of the

1 risks to national critical functions present in
2 the entity's supply chain;

3 “(B) associate specific third-party entities
4 with the supply chain dependencies identified
5 under subparagraph (A);

6 “(C) detail the supply chain risk manage-
7 ment practices put in place by the systemically
8 important entity, including, where applicable,
9 any known security and assurance requirements
10 for third-party entities under subparagraph
11 (B); and

12 “(D) identify any documented security con-
13 trols or risk management practices that third-
14 party entities have enacted to ensure the con-
15 tinued delivery of critical services to the system-
16 ically important entity.

17 “(4) DUPLICATIVE REQUIREMENTS.—

18 “(A) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary shall
19 coordinate with the head of any Federal agency
20 with responsibility for regulating the security of
21 a systemically important entity to determine
22 whether the reporting requirements under this
23 subsection may be fulfilled by any reporting re-
24 quirement in effect on the date of the enact-

1 ment of this section or subsequently enacted
2 after such date.

3 “(B) EXISTING REQUIRED REPORTS.—If
4 the Secretary determines that an existing re-
5 porting requirement for a systemically impor-
6 tant entity substantially satisfies the reporting
7 requirements under this subsection, the Sec-
8 retary shall accept such report and may not re-
9 quire a such entity to submit an alternate or
10 modified report.

11 “(C) COORDINATION.—The Secretary shall
12 coordinate with the head any Federal agency
13 with responsibilities for regulating the security
14 of a systemically important entity to eliminate
15 any duplicate reporting or compliance require-
16 ments relating to the security or resiliency of
17 such entities.

18 “(e) INTELLIGENCE SUPPORT TO SYSTEMICALLY IM-
19 PORTANT ENTITIES.—

20 “(1) IDENTIFICATION OF INTELLIGENCE
21 GAPS.—Not later than one year after the date of the
22 enactment of this section, the Director of National
23 Intelligence, in coordination with the Secretary, act-
24 ing through the Director, shall establish a process to
25 solicit and compile relevant information from Sector

1 Risk Management Agencies and any other relevant
2 Federal agency to inform and identify common intel-
3 ligence gaps and interdependencies across system-
4 ically important entities

5 “(2) INTERDEPENDENCIES AND RISK IDENTI-
6 FICATION.—In establishing the process under para-
7 graph (1), the Director of National Intelligence, in
8 coordination with the Secretary, acting through the
9 Director, shall incorporate methods and proce-
10 dures—

11 “(A) to identify the types of information
12 needed to understand interdependence of sys-
13 temically important entities and areas where a
14 nation-state adversary may target to cause
15 widespread compromise or disruption, includ-
16 ing—

17 “(i) common technologies, including
18 hardware, software, and services, used
19 within systemically important entities;

20 “(ii) critical lines of businesses, serv-
21 ices, processes, and functions on which
22 multiple systemically important entities are
23 dependent;

24 “(iii) specific technologies, compo-
25 nents, materials, or resources on which

1 multiple systemically important entities are
2 dependent; and

3 “(iv) Federal, State, local, Tribal, or
4 territorial government services, functions,
5 and processes on which multiple system-
6 ically important entities are dependent;
7 and

8 “(B) to associate specific systemically im-
9 portant entities with the information identified
10 under subparagraph (A),

11 “(3) INTELLIGENCE GAPS AND INDICATIONS
12 AND WARNING.—In establishing the process under
13 paragraph (1), the Director of National Intelligence
14 shall incorporate methods and procedures to—

15 “(A) provide indications and warning to
16 systemically important entities regarding na-
17 tion-state adversary cyber operations relevant to
18 information identified under paragraph (2)(A);
19 and

20 “(B) to identify intelligence gaps across
21 the cybersecurity efforts of such entities.

22 “(4) RECURRENT INPUT.—Not later than 30
23 days after the establishment of the process under
24 paragraph (1) and no less often than biennially
25 thereafter, the Director of National Intelligence, in

1 coordination with the Secretary, shall solicit infor-
2 mation from systemically important entities utilizing
3 such process.

4 “(5) INTELLIGENCE SHARING.—

5 “(A) IN GENERAL.—Not later than five
6 days after discovery of information that indi-
7 cates a credible threat relevant to information
8 identified in paragraph (2)(A) or to an identifi-
9 able systemically important entity, the Director
10 of National Intelligence shall share the appro-
11 priate intelligence information with such entity.

12 “(B) EMERGENCY NOTIFICATION.—The
13 Director of National Intelligence shall share any
14 intelligence information related to a participant
15 in the Systemically Important Entities Partner-
16 ship Program with such participant not later
17 than 24 hours after the Director of National In-
18 telligence determines that such information in-
19 dicates an imminent threat—

20 “(i) to such participant, or to a sys-
21 tem or asset such participant owns or op-
22 erates;

23 “(ii) that is relevant to information
24 identified under paragraph (2)(A); or

1 “(iii) to national security, economic
2 security, or public health and safety rel-
3 evant to such participant.

4 “(C) NATIONAL SECURITY EXEMPTIONS.—
5 Notwithstanding subparagraphs (A) or (B), the
6 Director of National Intelligence may withhold
7 intelligence information pertaining to a system-
8 ically important entity if the Director of Na-
9 tional Intelligence, with the concurrence of the
10 Secretary and the Director, determines that
11 withholding such information is in the national
12 security interest of the United States.

13 “(D) REPORT TO CONGRESS.—Not later
14 than three years after the date of the enact-
15 ment of this section and annually thereafter,
16 the Secretary, in coordination with the National
17 Cyber Director and the Director of National In-
18 telligence, shall submit to the Committee on
19 Homeland Security of the House of Representa-
20 tives, the Committee on Homeland Security and
21 Government Affairs of the Senate, the Perma-
22 nent Select Committee on Intelligence of the
23 House of Representatives, and the Select Com-
24 mittee on Intelligence of the Senate, a report
25 that—

1 “(i) provides an overview of the intel-
2 ligence information shared with system-
3 ically important entities; and

4 “(ii) evaluates the relevance and suc-
5 cess of the classified, actionable informa-
6 tion the intelligence community (as such
7 term is defined in section 3(4) of the Na-
8 tional Security Act of 1947 (50 U.S.C.
9 3003(4)) provided to systemically impor-
10 tant entities.

11 “(E) INTELLIGENCE SHARING.—Notwith-
12 standing any other provision of law, information
13 or intelligence shared with systemically impor-
14 tant entities under the processes established
15 under this subsection shall not constitute favor-
16 ing one private entity over another.

17 “(f) PRIORITIZATION.—In allocating Department re-
18 sources, the Secretary shall prioritize systemically impor-
19 tant entities in the provision of voluntary services, and en-
20 courage participation in programs to provide technical as-
21 sistance in the form of continuous monitoring and detec-
22 tion of cybersecurity risks.

23 “(g) INCIDENT RESPONSE.—In the event that a sys-
24 temically important entity experiences a serious cyber inci-
25 dent, the Secretary shall—

1 “(1) promptly establish contact with such entity
2 to acknowledge receipt of notification, obtain addi-
3 tional information regarding such incident, and as-
4 certain the need for incident response or technical
5 assistance;

6 “(2) maintain routine or continuous contact
7 with such entity to monitor developments related to
8 such incident;

9 “(3) assist in incident response, mitigation, and
10 recovery efforts;

11 “(4) ascertain evolving needs of such entity;
12 and

13 “(5) prioritize voluntary incident response and
14 technical assistance for such covered entity.

15 “(h) OPERATIONAL COLLABORATION WITH SYSTEM-
16 ICALLY IMPORTANT ENTITIES.—The head of the office for
17 joint cyber planning established pursuant to section 2216,
18 in carrying out the responsibilities of such office with re-
19 spect to relevant cyber defense planning, joint cyber oper-
20 ations, cybersecurity exercises, and information-sharing
21 practices, shall, to the extent practicable, prioritize the in-
22 volvement of systemically important entities.

23 “(i) EMERGENCY PLANNING.—In partnership with
24 systemically important entities, the Secretary, in coordina-
25 tion with the Director, the heads of Sector Risk Manage-

1 ment Agencies, and the heads of other Federal agencies
2 with responsibilities for regulating critical infrastructure,
3 shall regularly exercise response, recovery, and restoration
4 plans to—

5 “(1) assess performance and improve the capa-
6 bilities and procedures of government and system-
7 ically important entities to respond to a major cyber
8 incident; and

9 “(2) clarify specific roles, responsibilities, and
10 authorities of government and systemically impor-
11 tant entities when responding to such an incident.

12 “(j) INTERAGENCY COUNCIL FOR CRITICAL INFRA-
13 STRUCTURE CYBERSECURITY COORDINATION.—

14 “(1) INTERAGENCY COUNCIL FOR CRITICAL IN-
15 FRASTRUCTURE CYBERSECURITY COORDINATION.—

16 There is established an Interagency Council for Crit-
17 ical Infrastructure Cybersecurity Coordination (in
18 this section referred to as the ‘Council’).

19 “(2) CHAIRS.—The Council shall be co-chaired
20 by—

21 “(A) the Secretary, acting through the Di-
22 rector; and

23 “(B) the National Cyber Director.

24 “(3) MEMBERSHIP.—The Council shall be com-
25 prised of representatives from the following:

1 “(A) Appropriate Federal departments and
2 agencies, including independent regulatory
3 agencies responsible for regulating the security
4 of critical infrastructure, as determined by the
5 Secretary and National Cyber Director.

6 “(B) Sector Risk Management Agencies.

7 “(C) The National Institute of Standards
8 and Technology.

9 “(4) FUNCTIONS.—The Council shall be respon-
10 sible for the following:

11 “(A) Reviewing existing regulatory authori-
12 ties that could be utilized to strengthen cyberse-
13 curity for critical infrastructure, as well as po-
14 tential forthcoming regulatory requirements
15 under consideration, and coordinating to ensure
16 that any new or existing regulations are stream-
17 lined and harmonized to the extent practicable,
18 consistent with the principles described in para-
19 graph (5).

20 “(B) Developing cross-sector and sector-
21 specific cybersecurity performance goals that
22 serve as clear guidance for critical infrastruc-
23 ture owners and operators about the cybersecu-
24 rity practices and postures that the American

1 people can trust and should expect for essential
2 services.

3 “(C) Facilitating information sharing and,
4 where applicable, coordination on the develop-
5 ment of cybersecurity policy, rulemaking, ex-
6 aminations, reporting requirements, enforce-
7 ment actions, and information sharing prac-
8 tices.

9 “(D) Recommending to members of the
10 council general supervisory priorities and prin-
11 ciples reflecting the outcome of discussions
12 among such members.

13 “(E) Identifying gaps in regulation that
14 could invite cybersecurity risks to critical infra-
15 structure, and as appropriate, developing legis-
16 lative proposals to resolve such regulatory gaps.

17 “(F) Providing a forum for discussion and
18 analysis of emerging cybersecurity developments
19 and cybersecurity regulatory issues.

20 “(5) PRINCIPLES.—In carrying out the activi-
21 ties under paragraph (4), the Council shall seek to
22 harmonize regulations in a way that—

23 “(A) avoids duplicative, overlapping, overly
24 burdensome, or conflicting regulatory require-
25 ments that do not effectively or efficiently serve

1 the interests of national security, economic se-
2 curity, or public health and safety;

3 “(B) is consistent with national cyber pol-
4 icy and strategy, including the National Cyber
5 Strategy;

6 “(C) recognizes and prioritizes the need for
7 the Cybersecurity and Infrastructure Security
8 Agency, as the lead coordinator for the security
9 and resilience of critical infrastructure across
10 all sectors, to have visibility regarding cyberse-
11 curity threats and security vulnerabilities across
12 sectors, and leverages regulatory authorities in
13 a manner that supports such cross-sector visi-
14 bility and coordination, to the extent prac-
15 ticable; and

16 “(D) recognizes and accounts for the vari-
17 ation within and among critical infrastructure
18 sectors with respect to the level of cybersecurity
19 maturity, the nature of the infrastructure and
20 assets, resources available to deploy security
21 measures, and other factors.

22 “(6) LEVERAGING EXISTING COORDINATING
23 BODIES.—The Council shall, as appropriate in the
24 determination of the Co-Chairs, carry out its work
25 in coordination with critical infrastructure stake-

1 holders, including sector coordinating councils and
2 information sharing and analysis organizations, and
3 the Cyber Incident Reporting Council established
4 pursuant to section 2246.

5 “(7) CONGRESSIONAL OVERSIGHT.—Not later
6 than one year after the date of the enactment of this
7 section and annually thereafter, the Council shall re-
8 port to the Committee on Homeland Security of the
9 House of Representatives, the Committee on Home-
10 land Security and Government Affairs of the Senate,
11 and other relevant congressional committees, on the
12 activities of the Council, including efforts to har-
13 monize regulatory requirements, and close regulatory
14 gaps, together with legislative proposals, as appro-
15 priate.

16 “(k) STUDY ON PERFORMANCE GOALS FOR SYSTEM-
17 ICALLY IMPORTANT ENTITIES.—

18 “(1) IN GENERAL.—The Council shall conduct
19 a study to develop policy options and recommenda-
20 tions regarding the development of risk-based cyber-
21 security performance benchmarks that, if met, would
22 establish a common minimum level of cybersecurity
23 for systemically important entities.

24 “(2) AREAS OF INTEREST.—The study required
25 under paragraph (1) shall evaluate how the perform-

1 ance benchmarks referred to in such paragraph can
2 be—

3 “(A) flexible, nonprescriptive, risk-based,
4 and outcome-focused;

5 “(B) designed to improve resilience and
6 address cybersecurity threats and security
7 vulnerabilities while also providing an appro-
8 priate amount of discretion to operators in de-
9 ciding which specific technologies or solutions to
10 deploy;

11 “(C) applicable and appropriate across
12 critical infrastructure sectors, but also adapt-
13 able and augmentable to develop tailored, sec-
14 tor-specific cybersecurity performance goals;
15 and

16 “(D) reflective of existing industry best
17 practices, standards, and guidelines to the
18 greatest extent possible.

19 “(l) DEFINITIONS.—In this section:

20 “(1) SYSTEMICALLY IMPORTANT ENTITY.—The
21 term ‘systemically important entity’ means a critical
22 infrastructure entity the Secretary has designated as
23 a systemically important entity pursuant to sub-
24 section (b).

1 “(2) DIRECTOR.—The term ‘Director’ means
2 the Director of the Cybersecurity and Infrastructure
3 Security Agency.

4 “(3) SECTOR RISK MANAGEMENT AGENCY.—
5 The term ‘Sector Risk Management Agency’ has the
6 meaning given such term is section 2201.

7 “(4) NATIONAL CRITICAL FUNCTIONS.—The
8 term ‘national critical functions’ means functions of
9 government or private sector so vital to the United
10 States that the disruption, corruption, or dysfunc-
11 tion of such functions would have a debilitating ef-
12 fect on security, national economic security, national
13 public health or safety, or any combination there-
14 of.”.

15 (b) CLERICAL AMENDMENT.—The table of contents
16 in section 1(b) of the Homeland Security Act is amended
17 by inserting after the item relating to section 2220C the
18 following new item:

 “Sec. 2220D. Procedure for designation of covered systemically important enti-
 ties.”.

